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Senior Access Points: Increasing Awareness of Aging-Related Resources

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Senior Access Points: Increasing Awareness of Aging-Related Resources

Abstract

As the United States' population ages, connecting older adults to supportive resources is more important than ever. Colorado State University Extension has played a central role in implementing Senior Access Points, a program that delivers community outreach and education regarding aging-related resources available to older adults and caregivers. This article outlines four key components of development of the program: building a website, producing outreach materials, training volunteer ambassadors, and establishing a county-wide, coordinated outreach effort designed to break down resource access barriers. With outreach strategies tested and established in one county, the program is now being replicated by Extension professionals across Colorado.

Keywords: aging, older adults, caregivers, community resources, prevention

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Introduction

As the population in the United States ages, community efforts are needed to connect older adults with resources and services that support healthy aging. Larimer County, Colorado, has seen a downward trend in community awareness of aging-related resources, a shift that mirrors national trends (National Research Center, 2018). Lack of awareness is a major factor that leads to underuse of resources (Li, 2006; Wacker & Roberto, 2019). Families often do not know where to look for resources (Denton et al., 2008), and this issue is further compounded by the fact that they typically do not seek out resources until a crisis occurs (Magilvy & Congdon, 2001). Raising community residents' awareness of aging-related resources can have meaningful positive effects for aging individuals and their families.

To increase resource awareness in our community, we formed Senior Access Points, a university–community partnership led by Colorado State University (CSU) Extension. The program has four key components: a user-friendly website (www.LarimerSeniors.org), professionally designed outreach materials, a volunteer ambassador program, and a coordinated, county-wide outreach campaign. Senior Access Points has

demonstrated positive results in breaking down resource access barriers, and with leadership from Extension professionals, it can be adapted for other communities.

Project Development

The Senior Access Points project emerged when a team of agency collaborators and community volunteers coalesced to explore an identified community need in the context of a grassroots organization called the Partnership for Age-Friendly Communities. The goal of the team, which we led, was to better understand barriers to community awareness about local aging-related programs and services.

Our team implemented a community assessment process in 2017 (for details on the assessment approach and results, see Schneider & Brothers, 2019). Results indicated that despite the many aging-related resources available, most individuals did not know where to begin their search. The top places respondents looked (medical offices and the Internet) often did not lead them to the "right door." As a result individuals often needed to explain their stories multiple times, leading to frustration as well as curtailment of their searches. We also learned that services provided by the local office on aging were being underused.

On the basis of assessment findings, we first formalized the Senior Access Points leadership team to include representatives from

- the Larimer County office of CSU Extension (project lead),
- CSU's Department of Human Development and Family Studies,
- Partnership for Age-Friendly Communities, and
- · Larimer County Office on Aging.

Next, we planned and implemented the four key components of the Senior Access Points project.

- 1. We developed an unbiased, user-friendly, easy-to-navigate website populated with information on aging-related resources in nine topic areas (www.LarimerSeniors.org) (see Figure 1). The website is continually updated on the basis of feedback from community members and professionals.
- 2. We created outreach materials (rack cards, business cards, magnets) with a simple message to lead people to the "right door" (see Figure 2).
- 3. We initiated a volunteer ambassador training program to educate frontline staff at community and medical centers about aging-related resources (see the Senior Access Points ambassador video at https://youtu.be/nUM7s6z-4eo).
- 4. We organized a coordinated, county-wide outreach campaign involving a coalition of professionals from over 30 organizations. We share quarterly updates and keep our partners stocked with outreach materials.

Figure 1.

Senior Access Points Website Homepage and Nine Topic Areas



SENIOR ACCESS POINTS OF LARIMER COUNT



Are you ca Are you looki Is maintaining

SENIOR ACCESS POINTS OF LARIMER COUNTY

Home

Get Started

Local Resources

My Community



Aging-Related Resou

Senior Access Points is here to help you get star services for yourself or for an aging loved one



Health, Medical and Wellness

Larimer County has several resource guides, databases, and agencies that can help assist you in finding health and medical services for yourself or an aging loved one. The information on this page can help you get started.



Legal & Financial

Retirement, medical costs, downsizing, and end-oflife matters can be challenging to navigate, but you do not need to navigate these issues alone. Local organizations in Larimer County offer a wide range of services and assistance.



Home Care & Services

Are you or an aging loved one in need of at-home services and care? Larimer County has a wide variety of at-home services and programs to help. See the information on local databases and agencies to get you started.



Housing

There are many housing options for older adults in Larimer County. Whether you're looking for independent living communities, assisted living options, in-home services, or low-income housing programs, you can find the information and guidance you need with the resources provided.



Dementia & Memory

Are you or a loved one struggling with dementia, memory issues, or Alzheimer's? See the information on this page regarding local databases, agencies, and programs to get you started



Depression & Loneliness

Life transitions as one ages can be stressful, challenging and lonely. Learn about the mental health services and resources available in Larimer County to support you or a loved one through life's challenges.



Care for the Caregiver

Are you caring for an aging loved one? You're not alone. Larimer County has a variety of supportive services, guides, and information to assist you along the way.



Larimer County Office on Aging

The Larimer County Office on Aging (LCOA) / Aging and Disability Resources for Colorado (ADRC), located in the Department of Human Services, is the Area Agency on Aging (AAA) for Larimer County.



Transportation

Transportation can be a challenge for older individuals with travel mobility limitations or limited vehicle access, but there are local organizations offering free to low-cost transportation services for older adults throughout

Figure 2.

Example of Senior Access Points Outreach Materials (Rack Card)



Outcomes

During the first year of our program (2018), our team presented information on aging-related resources to 525 attendees in 22 meetings. With the help of nine trained volunteer ambassadors, we visited 117 community sites and distributed 6,125 outreach material items. Additionally, we averaged 192 new website users per month.

Given the positive outcomes in Year 1, we were awarded a 2-year (2019–2020) grant from the NextFifty Initiative, a nonprofit foundation based in Denver, Colorado. The purpose of the grant was to allow us to expand our outreach into rural areas of our county. We built a rural coalition that taps into existing infrastructure, including volunteer fire departments and rural transportation providers. Community members and professionals serve as Senior Access Points ambassadors in the rural communities in which they reside.

We saw strong outcomes in the first two quarters of Year 2 (2019). Between January and June, we presented at 42 meetings to 911 participants. We trained seven volunteer ambassadors and distributed 7,292 outreach material items. The average number of new website users increased from 192 per month in 2018 to 286 per month in the first quarter of 2019.

Next Steps and Statewide Expansion

Our current focus is to train volunteer ambassadors throughout the county (in both rural and urban areas) who can then sustain education and outreach efforts in neighborhoods and communities. Extension continues to manage the website, produce outreach materials, direct outreach efforts, and train and support volunteers, while the CSU Department of Human Development and Family Studies leads the evaluation effort.

We have shared our program model with Extension agents throughout Colorado. Four key features provide the basis for replication and adaptation of Senior Access Points:

- 1. The community assessment survey can be adapted to any local geography.
- 2. The website template is housed within CSU Extension and can be made available to other Extension offices for adaptation.
- 3. The logo can be adapted (i.e., "Senior Access Points of {insert county/region here}"), and the outreach material templates can be populated with local contact information, including for a locale's area agency on aging.
- 4. The volunteer training protocol and process manual are available for adaptation.

We are in the process of replicating Senior Access Points in northeastern Colorado in partnership with three county Extension offices, the CSU Northeast Regional Engagement Center, and the Logan County Heritage Center. The replication process includes conducting a local community assessment to understand needs and barriers specific to the region.

Conclusion

As the population ages, Extension professionals can play a central role in supporting safe and healthy aging (e.g., Peek & Bishop, 2016). Senior Access Points can serve as a replicable model through which community coalitions can build partnerships, conduct assessments, develop resource tools, and train volunteers to increase community awareness about local resources. It is our hope that this model can help connect older adults and caregivers to critical aging-related resources before crisis situations arise and thus help close the information access gap for families in Colorado and beyond.

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